## LABOUR RIGHTS INDEX 2022





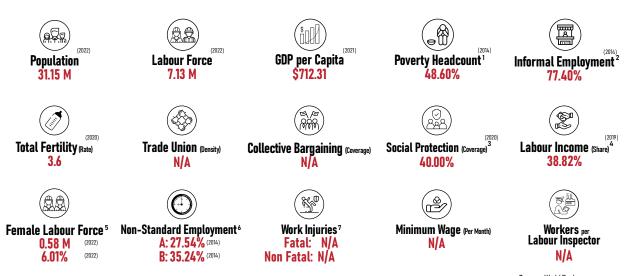




Middle East and North Africa Low income Basic Access to Decent Work

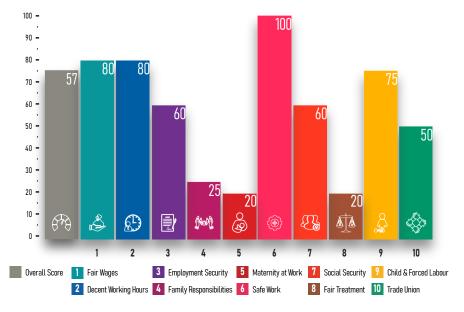


#### **Contextual Indicators**



#### Sources: World Bank International Labour Organization WageIndicator Minimum Wages and Living Wages Database M = Millinn

## **Legislative Performance Indicators**



## Introduction

The Labour Rights Index 2022 (LRI 2022) is a de-jure index covering 135 economies and structured around the working lifespan of a worker. In total, 46 questions or evaluation criteria are scored across 10 indicators. The overall score is calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 being the highest possible score. The Index uses a rating system, ranging from "Total Lack of Decent Work" to "Decent Work". The Labour Rights Index aims at an active contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals, by providing necessary (complementary) insights into de jure provisions on issues covered in particular by SD68 (Decent Jobs), SD6 5 (Gender Equality), SD6 10 (Reduced Inequalities) and SDG 16 (Strong Institutions). The Index is based on national labour legislation, applicable on 1 January 2022. The Index does not take into account COVID-19 related labour market measures in its scoring

Yemen's overall score is 57 out of 100. The overall score for Yemen is lower than the regional average observed across the Middle East and North Africa (61.26). Within the Middle East and North Africa region, the highest score is observed for Morocco (79.5)

 $<sup>^{1}\,</sup>$  Proportion of population living below the national poverty line (%), as measured under SDG 1.21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Share of informal employment in total employment (%), as measured under SDG 8.3.1

 $<sup>^{\</sup>mathbf{3}}$  Proportion of the country population covered by social protection floors, as measured under SDG 1.3.1

<sup>4</sup> Labour income (income of employees + partly income of the self-employed) as a percentage of GDP, as measured under SDG 10.4.1

 $<sup>{\</sup>bf 5}$  The female labour force is shown in absolute number along with the female labour force participation rate

Non-Standard Employment has been defined as Part-Time Employment (A) and Temporary Employment (B)

<sup>7</sup> Rate of fatal and non-fatal injuries per 100,000 workers, as measured under SDG 8.8.1

# **LABOUR RIGHTS INDEX 2022**





Question <sup>9</sup>	Answer	Legal Basis	Tr
Does the law prescribe minimum wage rates in the country?	No	\$52, 55 &67 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law require regular payment of wages?	Yes	\$54-70 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law require overtime compensation be at least 125% of the regular hourly rate?	Yes	\$56 & 75 of Labour Code (Act No.5 of 1995)	
Does the law require additional compensation for working on a weekly rest day?	Yes	\$56 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law require additional compensation for night work?	Yes	§46, 56, 57 & 73 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law stipulate general working hours as 48 hours or lower?	Yes	§2, 43, 48, 56 & 71-75 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law restrict maximum working hours including overtime to 56 hours per week?	No	§74 of Labour Code (Act No.5 of 1995)	
Does the law require a weekly rest of at least 24 hours?	Yes	§71 & 77 of the Labour Code, 1995; Public Holidays Law No. 2 of 2000	
Does the law require paid public holidays?	Yes	§56 & 78 of the Labour Code, 1995; Public Holidays Law No. 2 of 2000	
Does the law require at least three working weeks of paid annual leave?	Yes	\$79 & 88 of the Labour Code, 1995	$\neg$
Does the law require written employment contracts or at least written employment particulars?	Yes	\$19-26 & 79 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law restrict the hiring of fixed-term contract workers?	No	\$29 & 40 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law limit the length of probation period including renewals to a maximum of 3 months?	No	\$28 & 35 of the Labour Code, 1995	-
Does the law require a 30-day notice before contract termination?	Yes	\$35 & 41 of Labour Code, 1995	_
Does the law require severance pay at the rate of at least 2 weeks of wages for every year of service?	Yes	\$39 & 120 of Labour Code, 1995	-+
Does the law require parental leave for parents?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
Does the law require at least one week of paid paternity leave for fathers?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	-
Does the law require flexible work arrangements for workers with family responsibilities?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	$\rightarrow$
	Yes	\$43 & 45 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law require paid nursing breaks?			
Does the law prohibits inquiring about pregnancy during recruitment?	No	No applicable legal prohibitions could be located	
Does the law require paid maternity leave of at least 14 weeks?	No	§45 of the Labour Code, 1995	$\rightarrow$
Does the law require cash maternity benefit be at least 67% of a worker's former wage?	Yes	§45 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law require maternity benefit be paid through contributory social insurance or universal benefits system?	No	§45 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law protect workers from dismissals during or on account of pregnancy?	No	\$37 & 45 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law require provision of free personal protective equipment to workers from employer?	Yes	\$115 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law require the employer to train workers on health and safety issues?	Yes	\$118 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law restrict work that is prejudicial to the health of the mother or the child?	Yes	§44, 46 & 47 of the Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law provide for employment injury benefit?	Yes	§27-42 of Social Insurance Law (Law No. 26 of 1991); ISSA Country Profile for Yemen	
Does the law provide for an old age pension?	Yes	\$49-52 of Social Insurance Law (Law No. 26 of 1991); ISSA Country Profile for Yemen	
Does the law provide for a dependants'/survivors' pension?	Yes	\$55 of Social Insurance Law (Law No. 26 of 1991); ISSA Country Profile for Yemen	
Does the law provide for unemployment benefit?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
Does the law require paid sick leave for the first 6 months of sickness?	No	\$27-42 of Social Insurance Law (Law No. 26 of 1991); ISSA Country Profile for Yemen	
Does the law provide for invalidity benefit?	Yes	\$53-54 & 56 of Social Insurance Law (Law No. 26 of 1991); ISSA Country Profile for Yemen	
Does the law require equal remuneration for work of equal value?	No	§42 &67 of Labour Code, 1995	
Does the law prohibit sexual harassment in employment?	No	\$35(2) of Labour Code, 1995; \$270-274 of Criminal Code (Act No. 12 of 1994)	
Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment matters? <sup>10</sup>	Yes	5, 15 & 42 of the Labour Code, 1995; Law No. 35 of 2002 on the organization of Workers' Trade Unions	
Does the law allow women to do the same jobs as men?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
Does the law guarantee basic labour protections for gig economy workers?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
	Yes	\$2, 17 & 48-53 of Labour Code, 1995; §5 of Ministerial Order No. 11, 2013	
Does the law prohibit employment of children?			
Does the law set employment entry age equal to or higher than the compulsory schooling age?	No	\$18 of the General Education Law, 1992	
Does the law prohibit the employment of children in hazardous work under the age of 18 years?	Yes	\$7-8 and 15 of Ministerial Order No. 11 of 2013	
Does the law prohibit forced labour?	Yes	\$29 of the Yemeni Constitution; Ministerial Decree No. 56 of 2004; section 246 and section 248 of Criminal Code, 1994	
Does the law allow workers to form and join unions of their own choice?	No	§20 of Law on the Organization of Workers' Trade Unions 2002; §151-152 of the Labour Code 1995	
Does the law allow workers to bargain collectively with employers through their representative unions?	Yes	\$32-34 of the Labour Code, 1995; USDOS CRHRP 2021	
Does the law provide for the right to strike?	No	§40-42, Law on the Organization of Workers' Trade Unions 2002; §144-145, Labour Code, 1995; USDOS CRHRP 2021	
Does the law prohibit employers from terminating employment contracts of striking workers?	Yes	§148 of the Labour Code, 1995; §42-43 of Law on the Organization of Workers' Trade Unions 2002	

## Covid 19 and Labour Market in Yemen\*

Total Covid Cases	0.01 Million
Total Covid Deaths	2,149
Partial Vaccinated	2.40%
Fully Vaccinated	1.50%

No Covid Data Available for Yemen

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The Index has 10 indicators and 46 evaluation criteria or questions.

<sup>10</sup> The prohibited grounds for discrimination are "race, colour, sex, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin, age, disability and trade union membership". A score of 1 is assigned only if a country has prohibited discrimination on at least 7 of the above 10 grounds.

<sup>&</sup>quot;A country's score on LRIS Trade Union indicator must also be read together SDG indicator 8.8.2 which measures the level of national compliance with labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on ILO textual sources and national legislation. It has a range from 0 to 10, with 0 being the best possible score (indicating higher levels of compliance with FACB rights) and 10 the worst (indicating lower levels of compliance with FACB rights). No score is available for the Yemen on SDG 8.8.2

The Index uses Observations/Direct Requests from ILO CEACR and the US Department of State's Country Reports on Human Rights Practices (US DOS CRHRP) to measure a country's compliance on the Trade Union indicator.

<sup>12</sup> In order to measure the trend in country's legislative performance over the last edition of the Labour Rights Index (2020), the legislative table indicates improvement or worsening of labour rights in country through the following colours.

Score increase

Score decrease Score adjustment

No change

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sources for country info on Covid-19 and labour markets: Gentilini, Ugo, Almenfi, Mohamed; Orton, Ian, Dale, Pamela. 2020. Social Protection and Jobs Responses to COVID-19: A Real-Time Review of Country Measures. World Bank, Washington, DC. © World Bank. https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/33655 License: CC BY 30 IGO; Hannah Ritchie, Edouard Mathieu, Lucas Rodés-Guirao, Cameron Appel, Chartie Giattino, Esteban Ortiz-Ospina, Joe Hasell, Bobbie Macdonald, Diana Beltekian and Max Roser (2020) - "Coronavirus Pandemic (COVID-19", Published online at OurWorldInData.org Retrieved from: https://ourworldindata.org/coronavirus