

The Labour Rights Index 2022 (LRI 2022) is a de-jure index covering 135 economies and structured around the working lifespan of a worker. In total, 46 questions or evaluation criteria are scored across 10 indicators. The overall score is calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 being the highest possible score. The Index uses a rating system, ranging from "Total Lack of Decent Work" to "Decent Work". The Labour Rights Index aims at an active contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals, by providing necessary (complementary) insights into de jure provisions on issues covered in particular by SDG8 (Decent Jobs), SDG 5 (Gender Equality), SDG 10 (Reduced Inequalities) and SDG 16 (Strong Institutions). The Index is based on national labour legislation, applicable on 1 January 2022. The Index does not take into account COVID-19 related labour market measures in its scoring.

The United Republic of Tanzania's overall score is 71.5 out of 100. The overall score for The United Republic of Tanzania is higher than the regional average observed across Sub-Saharan Africa (64.4). Within the Sub-Saharan Africa region, the highest score is observed for Guinea (80.5).

¹ Proportion of population living below the national poverty line (%), as measured under SDG 1.2.1

- ² Share of informal employment in total employment (%), as measured under SDG 8.3.1
- ³ Proportion of the country population covered by social protection floors, as measured under SDG 1.3.1

⁴ Labour income (income of employees + partly income of the self-employed) as a percentage of GDP, as measured under SDG 10.4.1

The female labour force is shown in absolute number along with the female labour force participation rate

The country rating is based on the overall score of 0-100, with the following coding:
(90.5-100) Decent Work | (80.5-90) Approaching Decent Work | (70.5-80) Reasonable Access to Decent Work

(60.5-70) Limited Access to Decent Work

cess to Decent Work (50.5-60) Basic Access to Decent Work

Non-Standard Employment has been defined as Part-Time Employment (A) and Temporary Employment (B)

⁷ Rate of fatal and non-fatal injuries per 100,000 workers, as measured under SDG 8.8.1

LABOUR RIGHTS INDEX 2022



	Question ⁹	Answer	Legal Basis	Trend ¹²
	Does the law prescribe minimum wage rates in the country?	No	\$23 of the Constitution, 1977; \$37 & 64(2) of the Labour Institutions Act 2004	
1. Fair Wages	Does the law require regular payment of wages?	Yes	\$26-27 of the Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
	Does the law require overtime compensation be at least 125% of the regular hourly rate?	Yes	§19 of Employment and Labour Relations Act 2004	
	Does the law require additional compensation for working on a weekly rest day?	No	\$24 & 25 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004; \$7 of the Wages Order 2010	
	Does the law require additional compensation for night work?	Yes	§20(4) of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
	Does the law stipulate general working hours as 48 hours or lower?	Yes	§17-22 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
er r	Does the law restrict maximum working hours including overtime to 56 hours per week?	No	\$19 of Employment and Labour Relations Act 2004	
2. Decent Working Hou	Does the law require a weekly rest of at least 24 hours?	Yes	§17, 23 (1 & 2), 24 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
	Does the law require paid public holidays?	Yes	Public Holidays Ordinance,1966	
	Does the law require at least three working weeks of paid annual leave?	Yes	§29-31of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004; §6, Employment and Labour Laws (Miscellaneous Amendments) Act, 2015	
	Does the law require written employment contracts or at least written employment particulars?	Yes	\$14-16 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
3. Employment Security	Does the law restrict the hiring of fixed-term contract workers?	No	\$14 of the Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004; \$197 & 200 of the Law of Contract Act CAP 345 of 1961	
	Does the law limit the length of probation period including renewals to a maximum of 3 months?	No	§ 35 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
	Does the law require a 30-day notice before contract termination?	Yes	§ 36-41 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
	Does the law require severance pay at the rate of at least 2 weeks of wages for every year of service?	No	\$42 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
ies	Does the law require parental leave for parents?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
4. Family esponsibiliti	Does the law require at least one week of paid paternity leave for fathers?	No	\$34 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004; ISSA Country Profile for Tanzania	
	Does the law require flexible work arrangements for workers with family responsibilities?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
~	Does the law require paid nursing breaks?	Yes	\$33 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
	Does the law prohibits inquiring about pregnancy during recruitment?	Yes	\$7 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
A if	Does the law require paid maternity leave of at least 14 weeks?	No	\$33 of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
5. Maternity at Work	Does the law require cash maternity benefit be at least 67% of a worker's former wage?	Yes	\$33 of Employment & Labour Relations Act, 2004, § 45(b), National Social Security Fund Act 1997; ISSA Country Profile for Tanzania	
цц	Does the law require maternity benefit be paid through contributory social insurance or universal benefits system?	Yes	\$33 of Employment & Labour Relations Act, 2004, § 45(b), National Social Security Fund Act 1997; ISSA Country Profile for Tanzania	
	Does the law protect workers from dismissals during or on account of pregnancy?	Yes	\$37(3b) of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
2	Does the law require provision of free personal protective equipment to workers from employer?	Yes	§62, 63, 67(6) & 94 of Occupational Health and Safety Act, 2003	
6. Safe Work	Does the law require the employer to train workers on health and safety issues?	Yes	§ 34 & 95 of Occupational Health and Safety Act, 2003	
6. Safi	Does the law restrict work that is prejudicial to the health of the mother or the child?	Yes	§ 33(5 & 9) of Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
	Does the law provide for employment injury benefit?	Yes	§ 39-40 of the National Social Security Fund Act 1997; ISSA Country Profile for Tanzania	
	Does the law provide for an old age pension?	Yes	§23-27 of the National Social Security Fund Act 1997; ISSA Country Profile for Tanzania	
न्द्र ज	Does the law provide for a dependants'/survivors' pension?	Yes	§ 33-36 of the National Social Security Fund Act 1997 ; ISSA Country Profile for Tanzania	
7. Social Security	Does the law provide for unemployment benefit?	Yes	National Social Security Fund Act 1997	
- 07	Does the law require paid sick leave for the first 6 months of sickness?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
	Does the law provide for invalidity benefit?	Yes	§28-32 of the National Social Security Fund Act 1997; ISSA Country Profile for Tanzania	
	Does the law require equal remuneration for work of equal value?	Yes	\$12-13 & 23 of the Constitution, 1977; \$7(10) of the Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
atmen	Does the law prohibit sexual harassment in employment?	Yes	\$7, 40, 102 of the Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004; \$138(D) of the Penal Code 1945	
8. Fair Treatment	Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment matters? ¹⁰	Yes	\$13 of the Constitution, 1977; \$7 & 102 (3) of the National Employment Promotion Services Act 1999	
	Does the law allow women to do the same jobs as men?	Yes	No restrictive legal provisions could be located	
	Does the law guarantee basic labour protections for gig economy workers?	Yes	National Social Security Fund Act 1997; ISSA Country Profile for Tanzania	
- 5	Does the law prohibit employment of children?	Yes	§5, Employment and Labour Relations Act 2004; §77 of the Law of the Child Act, 2009	
9. Child and Forced Labou	Does the law set employment entry age equal to or higher than the compulsory schooling age?	Yes	\$35 of the National Education Act, 1978	
	Does the law prohibit the employment of children in hazardous work under the age of 18 years?	Yes	\$5(3), Employment and labour Relations Act 2004; \$77-86, Law of the Child Employment Act, 2009	
	Does the law prohibit forced labour?	Yes	\$6 of the Employment and Labour Relations Act 2004, \$80 of the Law of the Child Act 2009	
10. Trade Union	Does the law allow workers to form and join unions of their own choice?	Yes	§20, Constitution 1977; §9, 45-50 & 61, Employment and Labour Relations Act 2004	
	Does the law allow workers to bargain collectively with employers through their representative unions?	Yes	\$66-74 of the Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
	Does the law provide for the right to strike?	No	\$20 of the Constitution, 1977; \$76(3) of the Employment and Labour Relations Act, 2004	
	Does the law prohibit employers from terminating employment contracts of striking workers?	Yes	\$76(3), Employment and Labour Relations Act 2004	

Covid 19 and Labour Market in United Republic of Tanzania*

Total Covid Cases	0.04 Million
Total Covid Deaths	841
Partial Vaccinated	15.00%
Fully Vaccinated	13.00%

Wage Subsidies	\otimes
Social Security Contributions (deferrals/waivers)	8
Paid Sick Leave	\otimes
Add. Unemployment Benefits	

Protection from Dismissals	
Telework/flexible work	
Improved Health Access	
Training (activation measures)	

⁹ The Index has 10 indicators and 46 evaluation criteria or questions.

10 The prohibited grounds for discrimination are "race, colour, sex, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin, age, disability and trade union membership". A score of 1 is assigned only if a country has prohibited discrimination on at least 7 of the above 10 grounds.

¹A country's score on LRTS Trade Union indicator must also be read together SDB indicator 8.8.2 which measures the level of national compliance with labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on LD textual sources and national legislation. It has a range from 0 to 10, with 0 being the best possible score (indicating higher levels of compliance with FACB rights) and 10 the worst (indicating lower levels of compliance with FACB rights). The score of United Republic of Tanzania on SDG 8.8.2 is 106 (2020) The Index uses Diservision(SINCert Requests from ILO CEACR and the US Department of State's Country Reports on Human Rights Practices (US DOS CRHRP) to measure a country's compliance on the Trade Union indicator.

¹²In order to measure the trend in country's legislative performance over the last edition of the Labour Rights Index (2020), the legislative table indicates improvement or worsening of labour rights in country through the following colours.

Score increase
 Score decrease
 Score adjustment

No change

*Sources for country info on Covid-79 and Labour markets: Gentilini, Ugo; Almenfi, Mohamed; Orton, Ian; Dale, Pamela. 2020. Social Protection and Jobs Responses to COVID-79: A Real-Time Review of Country Measures. World Bank, Washington, DC. @ World Bank, https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10966/33635 License. CC BY 3.0 160; Hannah Ritchie, Edouard Mathieu, Lucas Rodés-Guirao, Cameron Appel, Charlie Giattino, Esteban Ortiz-Ospina, Joe Hasell, Bobbie Macdonald, Diana Beltekian and Max Roser (2020) -"Coronavirus Pandemic (20VID-19)". Published online at OurWorldInData.org.Retrieved from: "https://ourworldindata.org/coronavirus