

The Labour Rights Index 2022 (LRI 2022) is a de-jure index covering 135 economies and structured around the working lifespan of a worker. In total, 46 questions or evaluation criteria are scored across 10 indicators. The overall score is calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 being the highest possible score. The Index uses a rating system, ranging from "Total Lack of Decent Work" to "Decent Work". The Labour Rights Index aims at an active contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals, by providing necessary (complementary) insights into de jure provisions on issues covered in particular by SD68 (Decent Jobs), SD6 5 (Gender Equality), SD6 10 (Reduced Inequalities) and SD6 16 (Strong Institutions). The Index is based on national labour legislation, applicable on 1 January 2022. The Index does not take into account COVID-19 related labour market measures in its scoring.

Honduras's overall score is 68 out of 100. The overall score for Honduras is lower than the regional average observed across Latin America and The Caribbean (71). Within the Latin America and The Caribbean region, the highest score is observed for Paraguay (82.5).

<sup>1</sup> Proportion of population living below the national poverty line (%), as measured under SDG 1.2.1

- <sup>2</sup> Share of informal employment in total employment (%), as measured under SDG 8.3.1
- <sup>3</sup> Proportion of the country population covered by social protection floors, as measured under SDG 13.1

<sup>4</sup> Labour income (income of employees + partly income of the self-employed) as a percentage of GDP, as measured under SDG 10.4.1

The female labour force is shown in absolute number along with the female labour force participation rate

The country rating is based on the overall score of 0-100, with the following coding:
(90.5-100) Decent Work | (80.5-90) Approaching Decent Work | (70.5-80) Reasonable Access to Decent Work

(60.5-70) Limited Access to Decent Work

s to Decent Work (50.5-60) Basic Access to Decent Work

Non-Standard Employment has been defined as Part-Time Employment (A) and Temporary Employment (B)

<sup>7</sup> Rate of fatal and non-fatal injuries per 100,000 workers, as measured under SDG 8.8.1

(0-50) Total Lack of Decent Work

## **LABOUR RIGHTS INDEX 2022**



	Question <sup>9</sup>	Answer	Legal Basis	Trend <sup>12</sup>
	Does the law prescribe minimum wage rates in the country?	Yes	\$381-387 of the Labour Code 1959; §39-41 of the Minimum Wage Act 1971	
s	Does the law require regular payment of wages?	Yes	\$364-370 of the Labour Code 1959	
1. Fair Wages	Does the law require overtime compensation be at least 125% of the regular hourly rate?	Yes	\$330 of the Labour Code 1959	
1. Fai	Does the law require additional compensation for working on a weekly rest day?	Yes	\$338-340 of the Labour Code 1959	
	Does the law require additional compensation for night work?	Yes	\$320-333 of the Labour Code 1959	
	Does the law stipulate general working hours as 48 hours or lower?	Yes	\$320-333 of the Labour Code 1959	
	Does the law restrict maximum working hours including overtime to 56 hours per week?	No	\$332 of the Labour Code 1959	
2. Decent lorking Hou	Does the law require a weekly rest of at least 24 hours?	Yes	§130, 326, 327 and 338 of the Labour Code 1959	
2. l Worki	Does the law require paid public holidays?	Yes	\$339 of the Labour Code 1959; Decree No. 50-2003 (Concerning holidays)	
	Does the law require at least three working weeks of paid annual leave?	No	\$345-359 of the Labour Code 1959	
	Does the law require written employment contracts or at least written employment particulars?	Yes	\$19-31, 36-39 & 46 of the Labour Code 1959	
ti .	Does the law restrict the hiring of fixed-term contract workers?	No	\$47-48 of the Labour Code 1959	$\overline{}$
3. Employment Security	Does the law limit the length of probation period including renewals to a maximum of 3 months?	Yes	§49-52 of the Labour Code 1959	
3. Em Se	Does the law require a 30-day notice before contract termination?	Yes	\$110-116 of the Labour Code 1959	
	Does the law require severance pay at the rate of at least 2 weeks of wages for every year of service?	Yes	\$120 of the Labour Code 1959	
4. Family sponsibilities	Does the law require parental leave for parents?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
	Does the law require at least one week of paid paternity leave for fathers?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
	Does the law require flexible work arrangements for workers with family responsibilities?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
Re	Does the law require paid nursing breaks?	Yes	\$140 of the Labour Code 1959; §6 of the Decree No. 231-2013; §59 of the Law on Equal Opportunities for Women 2000	
	Does the law prohibits inquiring about pregnancy during recruitment?	Yes	\$46 of the Law on Equal Opportunities for Women 2000	
Æ,	Does the law require paid maternity leave of at least 14 weeks?	No	\$135-138 of the Labour Code 1959, §54 of the Law on Equal Opportunities for Women 2000	
5. Maternity at Work	Does the law require cash maternity benefit be at least 67% of a worker's former wage?	Yes	\$67 of the General Regulation of the Social Security Act; \$136 of the Labour Code 1959	
5. N	Does the law require maternity benefit be paid through contributory social insurance or	Yes	\$67 of the General Regulation of the Social Security Act; \$136 of the Labour Code 1959	
	universal benefits system?			
	Does the law protect workers from dismissals during or on account of pregnancy?	Yes	\$144-145 of the Labour Code 1959	
ž	Does the law require provision of free personal protective equipment to workers from employer?	Yes	\$391& 392 of the Labour Code 1959; §9(f) of the STSS-053-04	
6. Safe Work	Does the law require the employer to train workers on health and safety issues?	Yes	\$398 of the Labour Code 1959; §9(n & o) of the STSS-053-04; §37-39 of the STSS001-02	
6 Si	Does the law restrict work that is prejudicial to the health of the mother or the child?	No	\$147 of the Labour Code 1959	
	Does the law provide for employment injury benefit?	Yes	\$76-83 of the Social Security Act (Agreement no. 003-JD-2005)	
	Does the law provide for an old age pension?	Yes	\$111-119 of the Social Security Act (Agreement no. 003-JD-2005)	
cial rity	Does the law provide for a dependants'/survivors' pension?	Yes	\$123-132 of the Social Security Act (Agreement no. 003-JD-2005)	
7. Social Security	Does the law provide for unemployment benefit?	No	\$36 of the Social Security Act (Agreement no. 003–JD–2005)	
	Does the law require paid sick leave for the first 6 months of sickness?	Yes	\$100 & 104 of the Labour Code 1959	
	Does the law provide for invalidity benefit?	Yes	\$105, 110 & 111 of the Social Security Act (Agreement no. 003-JD-2005)	
ŧ	Does the law require equal remuneration for work of equal value?	Yes	\$ 128(3) of the Constitution, 1982; \$367 of the Labour Code 1959; \$44 of the Law on Equal Opportunities for Women 2000	
8. Fair Treatment	Does the law prohibit sexual harassment in employment?	Yes	\$60 of the Law on Equal Opportunities for Women 2000; \$147(A) of the Penal Code 1983	
Fair Tr	Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment matters? <sup>10</sup>	Yes	\$60 & 137 of the Constitution, 1982; \$12 of the Labour Code 1959; \$44-49 & 55 of the Law on Equal Opportunities for Women 2000	
8	Does the law allow women to do the same jobs as men?	No	\$127 of the Constitution of Honduras 1982	
	Does the law guarantee basic labour protections for gig economy workers?	Yes	Social Security Act (Agreement no. 003-JD-2005); ISSA Country Profile for Honduras	
뉟	Does the law prohibit employment of children?	Yes	\$32-33 of the Labour Code 1959; \$120 of the Code of Childhood & Adolescence, 1996	
hild a ed Lat	Does the law set employment entry age equal to or higher than the compulsory schooling age?	No	\$8, 13, & 21-23, Fundamental Law of Education 2011; \$36 & 39, Childhood & Adolescence Code, 1996	
9. Chi Forced	Does the law prohibit the employment of children in hazardous work under the age of 18 years?	Yes	\$1 & 122, Childhood & Adolescence Code 1996; \$2, 8, & 10, Executive Agreement STSSE211-01, 2001	
	Does the law prohibit forced labour?	Yes	Anti-Trafficking Act Decree no. 59-2012; §221 & 222 of the Penal Code, 2017	
<u>ة</u> .	Does the law allow workers to form and join unions of their own choice?	No	\$128(14), Constitution of Honduras 1982; \$470-474, Labour Code 1959; CEACR C87 Obs. 2021	
10. Trade Union	Does the law allow workers to bargain collectively with employers through their representative unions?	No	\$128(15), Constitution 1982; \$53-80 & 534-536, Labour Code 1959; Decree 292-2013; CEACR C98 Obs. 2021	
10 T	Does the law provide for the right to strike?	No	§ 128(13), Constitution of Honduras 1982; §495 & 550-589, Labour Code 1959; CEACR C87 Obs. 2021	
	Does the law prohibit employers from terminating employment contracts of striking workers?	Yes	§552 of the Labour Code 1959	

## Covid 19 and Labour Market in Honduras\*

Total Covid Cases	0.43 Million
Total Covid Deaths	10,919
Partial Vaccinated	65.0%
Fully Vaccinated	56.0%

Wage Subsidies	
Social Security Contributions (deferrals/waivers)	
Paid Sick Leave	8
Add. Unemployment Benefits	×

Protection from Dismissals	
Telework/flexible work	
Improved Health Access	
Training (activation measures)	

<sup>9</sup> The Index has 10 indicators and 46 evaluation criteria or questions.

10 The prohibited grounds for discrimination are "race, colour, sex, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin, age, disability and trade union membership". A score of 1 is assigned only if a country has prohibited discrimination on at least 7 of the above 10 grounds.

A country's core on RIS Trade Union indicator must also be read together SDG indicator 8.8.2 which measures the level of national compliance with labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on ILO textual sources and national legislation. It has a range from 0 to 10, with 0 being the best possible score (indicating higher levels of compliance with FACB rights) and 10 the worst (indicating lower levels of compliance with FACB rights). The score of Honduras on SDG 8.8.2 is 4.34 (2020) The Index uses Observations/Direct Requests from ILO CEACR and the US Department of State's Country Reports on Human Rights Practices (US DOS CRHRP) to measure a country's compliance on the Trade Union indicator.

<sup>12</sup>In order to measure the trend in country's legislative performance over the last edition of the Labour Rights Index (2020), the legislative table indicates improvement or worsening of labour rights in country through the following colours.

Score increase Score decrease 😑 Score adjustment

No change

Sources for country info on Covid-19 and labour markets: Gentlini, Ugo, Almenfi, Mohamed; Orton, Ian; Dale, Pamela. 2020. Social Protection and Jobs Responses to COVID-19: A Real-Time Review of Country Measures: World Bank, Washington, DC. @ World Bank https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/33651 License: CC BY 30 160; Hannah Ritchie, Edouard Mathieu, Lucas Rodés-Guirao, Cameron Appel, Charlie Giattino, Esteban Ortiz-Ospina, Joe Hasell, Bobbie Macdonald, Diana Beltekian and Max Roser (2020) -"Coronavirus Pandemic (COVID-19)". Published online at OurWorldInData.org.Retrieved from: https://ourworldindata.org/coronavirus