

The Labour Rights Index 2022 (LRI 2022) is a de-jure index covering 135 economies and structured around the working lifespan of a worker. In total, 46 questions or evaluation criteria are scored across 10 indicators. The overall score is calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 being the highest possible score. The Index uses a rating system, ranging from "Total Lack of Decent Work" to "Decent Work". The Labour Rights Index aims at an active contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals, by providing necessary (complementary) insights into de jure provisions on issues covered in particular by SD68 (Decent Jobs), SD6 5 (Gender Equality), SD6 10 (Reduced Inequalities) and SD6 16 (Strong Institutions). The Index is based on national labour legislation, applicable on 1 January 2022. The Index does not take into account COVID-19 related labour market measures in its scoring.

Haiti's overall score is 58 out of 100. The overall score for Haiti is lower than the regional average observed across Latin America and The Caribbean (71). Within the Latin America and The Caribbean region, the highest score is observed for Paraguay (82.5).

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¹ Proportion of population living below the national poverty line (%), as measured under SDG 1.2.1

- ² Share of informal employment in total employment (%), as measured under SDG 8.3.1
- ³ Proportion of the country population covered by social protection floors, as measured under SDG 1.3.1

⁴ Labour income (income of employees + partly income of the self-employed) as a percentage of GDP, as measured under SDG 10.4.1

The female labour force is shown in absolute number along with the female labour force participation rate

The country rating is based on the overall score of 0-100, with the following coding:
(90.5-100) Decent Work | (80.5-90) Approaching Decent Work | (70.5-80) Reasonable Access to Decent Work

(60.5-70) Limited Access to Decent Work

rk (50.5-60) Basic Access to Decent Work (0-50) Total Lack of Decent Work

Non-Standard Employment has been defined as Part-Time Employment (A) and Temporary Employment (B)

⁷ Rate of fatal and non-fatal injuries per 100,000 workers, as measured under SDG 8.8.1

LABOUR RIGHTS INDEX 2022



	Question ⁹	Answer	Legal Basis	Trend ¹²
	Does the law prescribe minimum wage rates in the country?	No	\$35-1 of the Constitution d'Haïti, 1987; \$136-138, 158 & 411 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
1. Fair Wages	Does the law require regular payment of wages?	Yes	§135, 138, 140, 142,143, 145, & 147 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law require overtime compensation be at least 125% of the regular hourly rate?	Yes	\$97 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961; §4 of the Law on the Organization and Regulation of Work, 2017	
1.Fa	Does the law require additional compensation for working on a weekly rest day?	No	\$35(1) of the Constitution d'Haiti, 1987; \$119 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law require additional compensation for night work?	No	§2 & 7 of the Law on the Organization and Regulation of Work, 2017	
	Does the law stipulate general working hours as 48 hours or lower?	Yes	\$95-98, & 332 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961 ; \$1-5 of the Law on the Organization and Regulation of Work, 2017	
urs ars	Does the law restrict maximum working hours including overtime to 56 hours per week?	Yes	§98 the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
2. Decent lorking Hou	Does the law require a weekly rest of at least 24 hours?	Yes	\$107 & 117 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961; §3 of the Law on the Organization and Regulation of Work, 2017	
2. Work	Does the law require paid public holidays?	Yes	\$275, 275-1 & 275-2 of the Constitution d'Haïti, 1987; \$108-112 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law require at least three working weeks of paid annual leave?	No	\$35-1 of the Constitution d'Haïti, 1987; \$123, 124, 128, 129 & 130 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law require written employment contracts or at least written employment particulars?	Yes	\$13-25 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
, rent	Does the law restrict the hiring of fixed-term contract workers?	No	\$17 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
3. Employment Security	Does the law limit the length of probation period including renewals to a maximum of 3 months?	Yes	\$75(e) of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
3.En S	Does the law require a 30-day notice before contract termination?	Yes	\$41-46, 49 & 50 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law require severance pay at the rate of at least 2 weeks of wages for every year of service?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
sa	Does the law require parental leave for parents?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
mily	Does the law require at least one week of paid paternity leave for fathers?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located in the law	
4. Family sponsibilit	Does the law require flexible work arrangements for workers with family responsibilities?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located in the law	
s.	Does the law require paid nursing breaks?	Yes	\$331 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law prohibits inquiring about pregnancy during recruitment?	No	No prohibitions located in the law.	
Ę,	Does the law require paid maternity leave of at least 14 weeks?	No	§322-323, & 324 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
5. Maternity at Work	Does the law require cash maternity benefit be at least 67% of a worker's former wage?	Yes	§320 & 321 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
5.1	Does the law require maternity benefit be paid through contributory social insurance or universal benefits system?	Yes	§320 & 321 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law protect workers from dismissals during or on account of pregnancy?	Yes	\$326 and 330(b) of the Haitian labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law require provision of free personal protective equipment to workers from employer?	Yes	§440, 441 & 447 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
s Work	Does the law require the employer to train workers on health and safety issues?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
6. Safe Work	Does the law restrict work that is prejudicial to the health of the mother or the child?	Yes	§328 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law provide for employment injury benefit?	Yes	Law creating the Social Insurance, 1967; ISSA Country Profile of Haiti	
	Does the law provide for an old age pension?	Yes	\$183-189 of the Law creating the Social Insurance, 1967	
<u>ج ۽</u>	Does the law provide for a dependants'/survivors' pension?	Yes	\$190 & 192-196 of the Law creating the Social Insurance, 1967	
7. Social Security	Does the law provide for unemployment benefit?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
7. S	Does the law require paid sick leave for the first 6 months of sickness?	No	§130, 131 & 133 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law provide for invalidity benefit?	Yes	\$185-188 of the Law creating the Social Insurance, 1967	
	Does the law require equal remuneration for work of equal value?	Yes	\$35-1 of the Constitution d'Haïti, 1987; \$135 & 317 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
8. Fair Treatment	Does the law prohibit sexual harassment in employment?	Yes	§307, 308, 309 & 312 of the Haitian Penal Code, 2020	
ir Trea	Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment matters? ¹⁰	No	§35-2 of the Constitution d'Haïti, 1987; §3 & 50 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
8. Fa	Does the law allow women to do the same jobs as men?	Yes	\$35 of the Constitution d'Haiti, 1987	
	Does the law guarantee basic labour protections for gig economy workers?	Yes	Law creating the National Old-Age Insurance, 1967; ISSA Country Profile of Haiti	
_ =	Does the law prohibit employment of children?	Yes	§10, 335-340, Haitian Labour Code 1961; §10, Law Organizing & Regulating Labour 2017	
ld and Labor	Does the law set employment entry age equal to or higher than the compulsory schooling age?	Yes	§23 of the Decree on the Reorganization of the Haitian Education System, 1982	
9. Chi orced	Does the law prohibit the employment of children in hazardous work under the age of 18 years?	Yes	\$333–336, Labour Code, 1961; §2, Act on the Prohibition & Elimination of All Forms of Abuse 2003	
	Does the law prohibit forced labour?	Yes	§4, Labour Code, 1961; §1 & 11 of the Anti-Human Trafficking Act, 2014	
=_	Does the law allow workers to form and join unions of their own choice?	No	\$35(3) of the Constitution of Haïti, 1987; \$7, 50, 68, 225-233, 236, 239, 245, 246, and 251 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
le Unio	Does the law allow workers to bargain collectively with employers through their representative unions?	No	§60-61, 65, & 68 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
10. Trade Union	Does the law provide for the right to strike?	No	\$35(5) of the Constitution of Haiti 1987; \$190 & 203–210 of the Haitian Labour Code, 1961	
	Does the law prohibit employers from terminating employment contracts of striking workers?	No	USDOS CRHRP 2021	

Covid 19 and Labour Market in Haiti*

Total Covid Cases	0.03 Million
Total Covid Deaths	837
Partial Vaccinated	2.2%
Fully Vaccinated	1.4%

Wage Subsidies	
Social Security Contributions (deferrals/waivers)	\otimes
Paid Sick Leave	8
Add. Unemployment Benefits	×

Protection from Dismissals	
Telework/flexible work	
Improved Health Access	8
Training (activation measures)	×

⁹ The Index has 10 indicators and 46 evaluation criteria or questions.

10 The prohibited grounds for discrimination are 'race, colour, sex, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin, age, disability and trade union membership'. A score of 1 is assigned only if a country has prohibited discrimination on at least 7 of the above 10 grounds.

¹¹A country's score on LRI's Trade Union indicator must also be read together SDG indicator 8.8.2 which measures the level of national compliance with labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on ILO textual sources and national legislation. It has a range from 0 to 10, with 0 being the best possible score (indicating higher levels of compliance with FACB rights) and 10 the worst (indicating lower levels of compliance with FACB rights). No score is available for the Haiti on SDG 8.8.2

The Index uses Observations/Direct Requests from ILO CEACR and the US Department of State's Country Reports on Human Rights Practices (US DOS CRHRP) to measure a country's compliance on the Trade Union indicator.

¹²In order to measure the trend in country's legislative performance over the last edition of the Labour Rights Index (2020), the legislative table indicates improvement or worsening of labour rights in country through the following colours.

Score increase
 Score decrease
 Score adjustment

No change

*Sources for country info on Covid-19 and labour markets: Gentlini, Ugo, Almenfi, Mohamed; Orton, Iar, Dale, Pamela. 2020. Social Protection and Jobs Responses to COVID-19: A Real-Time Review of Country Measures. World Bank, Washington, DC. 🕲 World Bank, https://penkrowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/33635 License: CC BY 3.D (B0 ; Hannah Ritchie, Edouard Mathieu, Lucas Rodés-Guirao, Cameron Appel, Charlie Giattino, Esteban Ortiz-Ospina, Joe Hasell, Bobbie Macdonald, Diana Beltekian and Max Roser (2020) -"Coronavirus Pandemic (COVID-19)". Published online at OurWorldInData.org.Retrieved from: "https://ourworldindata.org/coronavirus