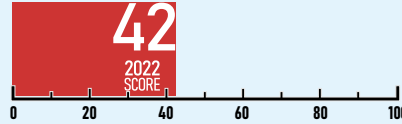




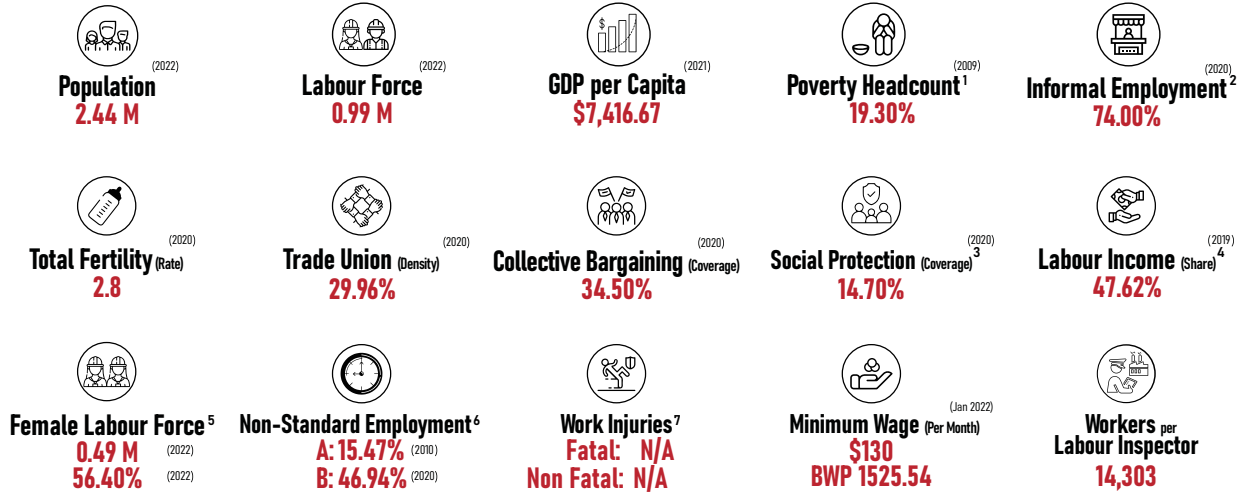
Botswana



49
2020 SCORE

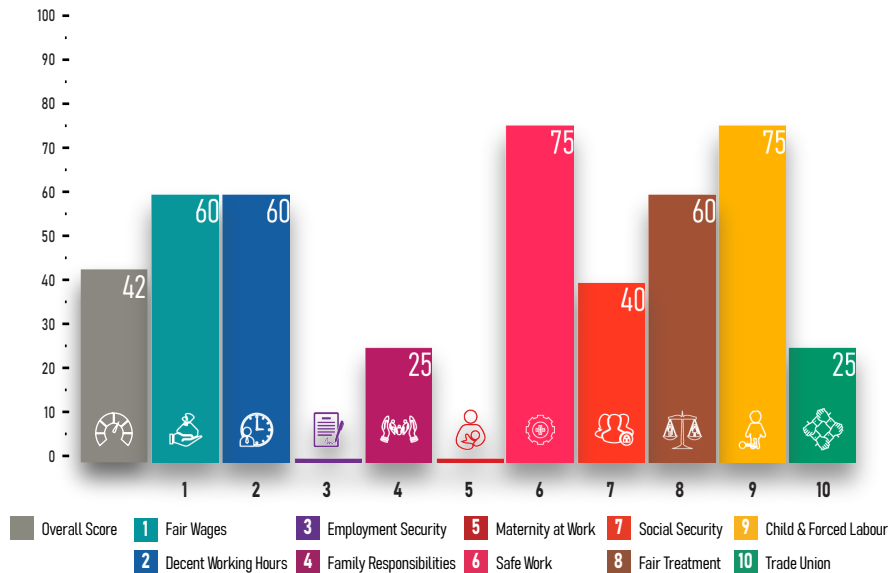
Sub-Saharan Africa
Upper-middle income
Total Lack of Decent Work
LRI RATING

Contextual Indicators



Sources: World Bank
International Labour Organization
WageIndicator Minimum Wages and Living Wages Database
M = Million

Legislative Performance Indicators



Introduction

The Labour Rights Index 2022 (LRI 2022) is a de-jure index covering 135 economies and structured around the working lifespan of a worker. In total, 46 questions or evaluation criteria are scored across 10 indicators. The overall score is calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 being the highest possible score. The Index uses a rating system, ranging from "Total Lack of Decent Work" to "Decent Work". The Labour Rights Index aims at an active contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals, by providing necessary (complementary) insights into de jure provisions on issues covered in particular by SDG8 (Decent Jobs), SDG 5 (Gender Equality), SDG 10 (Reduced Inequalities) and SDG 16 (Strong Institutions). The Index is based on national labour legislation, applicable on 1 January 2022. The Index does not take into account COVID-19 related labour market measures in its scoring.

Botswana's overall score is 44.5 out of 100. The overall score for Botswana is lower than the regional average observed across Sub-Saharan Africa (64.4). Within the Sub-Saharan Africa region, the highest score is observed for Guinea (80.5).

¹ Proportion of population living below the national poverty line (%), as measured under SDG 1.2.1

² Share of informal employment in total employment (%), as measured under SDG 8.3.1

³ Proportion of the country population covered by social protection floors, as measured under SDG 1.3.1

⁴ Labour income (income of employees + partly income of the self-employed) as a percentage of GDP, as measured under SDG 10.4.1

⁵ The female labour force is shown in absolute number along with the female labour force participation rate

⁶ Non-Standard Employment has been defined as Part-Time Employment (A) and Temporary Employment (B)

⁷ Rate of fatal and non-fatal injuries per 100,000 workers, as measured under SDG 8.8.1

The country rating is based on the overall score of 0-100, with the following coding:

(90.5-100) Decent Work | (80.5-90) Approaching Decent Work | (70.5-80) Reasonable Access to Decent Work | (60.5-70) Limited Access to Decent Work | (50.5-60) Basic Access to Decent Work | (0-50) Total Lack of Decent Work

LABOUR RIGHTS INDEX 2022

	Question ⁹	Answer	Legal Basis	Trend ¹²
1. Fair Wages	Does the law prescribe minimum wage rates in the country?	Yes	§ 10-11, 131-142 and the Fourth Schedule of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law require regular payment of wages?	Yes	§ 2, 74, 75 & 80 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law require overtime compensation be at least 125% of the regular hourly rate?	Yes	Section 95 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law require additional compensation for working on a weekly rest day?	No	§ 94 and 99 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law require additional compensation for night work?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	●
2. Decent Working Hours	Does the law stipulate general working hours as 48 hours or lower?	Yes	§ 95, 97 & 105 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law restrict maximum working hours including overtime to 56 hours per week?	No	§95 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law require a weekly rest of at least 24 hours?	Yes	§ 93 & s.95 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law require paid public holidays?	Yes	§99 and the Second Schedule of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982; §2 of the Public Holidays Act, 2006	●
3. Employment Security	Does the law require at least three working weeks of paid annual leave?	No	§98 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law require written employment contracts or at least written employment particulars?	No	§ 14, 39, 40, 43 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982; Rule 9.4 of National IR Code of Good Practice 2002	●
	Does the law restrict the hiring of fixed-term contract workers?	No	§ 50 & 51(2)(f) of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law limit the length of probation period including renewals to a maximum of 3 months?	No	§ 20 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law require a 30-day notice before contract termination?	No	§ 17, 18, 19 & 26 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
4. Family Responsibilities	Does the law require severance pay at the rate of at least 2 weeks of wages for every year of service?	No	§ 27 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law require parental leave for parents?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	●
	Does the law require at least one week of paid paternity leave for fathers?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	●
	Does the law require flexible work arrangements for workers with family responsibilities?	No	Rule 9 of the Code of Good Practice: Maternity Benefits and Family Responsibility, 2002	●
5. Maternity at Work	Does the law require paid nursing breaks?	Yes	§118 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law prohibit inquiring about pregnancy during recruitment?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	●
	Does the law require paid maternity leave of at least 14 weeks?	No	§ 113, Employment Act, 2010; Rule 2, Code of Good Practice: Maternity Benefits and Family Responsibility 2002	●
	Does the law require cash maternity benefit be at least 67% of a worker's former wage?	No	§113, Employment Act, 2010; Rule 3, Code of Good Practice: Maternity Benefits and Family Responsibility, 2002	●
	Does the law require maternity benefit be paid through contributory social insurance or universal benefits system?	No	§113, Employment Act, 2010; Rule 3, Code of Good Practice: Maternity Benefits and Family Responsibility, 2002	●
6. Safe Work	Does the law protect workers from dismissals during or on account of pregnancy?	No	§ 116, Employment Act, 2010; Rule 4, Code of Good Practice: Maternity Benefits and Family Responsibility 2002	●
	Does the law require provision of free personal protective equipment to workers from employer?	Yes	§51 of the Factories Act; Rule 11 of the National IR Code of Good Practice 2002	●
	Does the law require the employer to train workers on health and safety issues?	Yes	§29 of the Factories Act; Rule 22 of the National IR Code of Good Practice 2002	●
	Does the law restrict work that is prejudicial to the health of the mother or the child?	No	Rule 8 of Code of Good Practice: Maternity Benefits and Family Responsibility 2002	●
	Does the law provide for employment injury benefit?	Yes	§18, 19 of the Workers Compensation Act 1998	●
7. Social Security	Does the law provide for an old age pension?	Yes	Pensions Act, 1966 (public sector) and 1996 (universal coverage); ISSA Country Profile for Botswana	●
	Does the law provide for a dependants/survivors' pension?	Yes	§14 of the Workers Compensation Act 1998; ISSA Country Profile for Botswana	●
	Does the law provide for unemployment benefit?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	●
	Does the law require paid sick leave for the first 6 months of sickness?	No	§100 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law provide for invalidity benefit?	No	Pensions Act, 1966 (public sector) and 1996 (universal coverage); ISSA Country Profile for Botswana	●
8. Fair Treatment	Does the law require equal remuneration for work of equal value?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	●
	Does the law prohibit sexual harassment in employment?	No	Rule 1.3, 5 of Code of Good Practice: Sexual Harassment in the Workplace 2002	●
	Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment matters? ¹⁰	Yes	§23 of the Botswana Employment Act, 1982; Rule 3 of the Code of Good Practice on Emp. Discrimination 2002	●
	Does the law allow women to do the same jobs as men?	Yes	Rule 6 of the Code of Good Practice on Emp. Discrimination 2002	●
	Does the law guarantee basic labour protections for gig economy workers?	Yes	Pensions Act, 1966 (public sector) and 1996 (universal coverage)	●
9. Child and Forced Labour	Does the law prohibit employment of children?	Yes	§2 & 107 of the Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law set employment entry age equal to or higher than the compulsory schooling age?	No	§2, 47 & 105 of the Employment Act, 1982; §24 of the Children Act, 2009	●
	Does the law prohibit the employment of children in hazardous work under the age of 18 years?	Yes	§2 and 110 of the Employment Act, 1982	●
	Does the law prohibit forced labour?	Yes	§2 and 71, Employment Act, 1982; §114, Children's Act, 2009; §262 of the Penal Code, 1964	●
10. Trade Union	Does the law allow workers to form and join unions of their own choice?	Yes	§13, Constitution 1966; §20 & 21, Trade Unions and Employers' Organization Act, 1983	●
	Does the law allow workers to bargain collectively with employers through their representative unions?	No	§37(6), 40 & 41, Trade Disputes Act, 2016; CEACR, C98, Obs. 2020	●
	Does the law provide for the right to strike?	No	§46-47, Trade Disputes Act, 2016	●
	Does the law prohibit employers from terminating employment contracts of striking workers?	No	§43(3) & 44, Trade Disputes Act, 2016; CEACR, C87, DR 2020	●

Covid 19 and Labour Market in Botswana*

Total Covid Cases	0.32 Million
Total Covid Deaths	2,760
Partial Vaccinated	74.00%
Fully Vaccinated	66.00%

Wage Subsidies	●
Social Security Contributions (deferrals/waivers)	●
Paid Sick Leave	●
Add. Unemployment Benefits	●

Protection from Dismissals	●
Telework/flexible work	●
Improved Health Access	●
Training (activation measures)	●

⁹ The Index has 10 indicators and 46 evaluation criteria or questions.

¹⁰ The prohibited grounds for discrimination are "race, colour, sex, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin, age, disability and trade union membership". A score of 1 is assigned only if a country has prohibited discrimination on at least 7 of the above 10 grounds.

¹¹ A country's score on LRI's Trade Union indicator must also be read together SDG indicator 8.8.2 which measures the level of national compliance with labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on ILO textual sources and national legislation. It has a range from 0 to 10, with 0 being the best possible score (indicating higher levels of compliance with FACB rights) and 10 the worst (indicating lower levels of compliance with FACB rights). The score of Botswana on SDG 8.8.2 is 2.91 (2020)

The Index uses Observations/Direct Requests from ILO CEACR and the US Department of State's Country Reports on Human Rights Practices (US DOS CHRHP) to measure a country's compliance on the Trade Union indicator.

¹² In order to measure the trend in country's legislative performance over the last edition of the Labour Rights Index (2020), the legislative table indicates improvement or worsening of labour rights in country through the following colours.

- Score increase
- Score decrease
- Score adjustment
- No change