LABOUR RIGHTS INDEX 2022











International Labour Organization

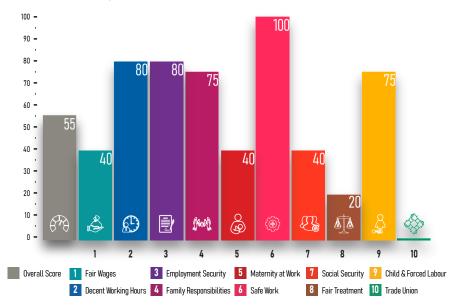
M = Millinn

WageIndicator Minimum Wages and Living Wages Database

Contextual Indicators



Legislative Performance Indicators



Introduction

The Labour Rights Index 2022 (LRI 2022) is a de-jure index covering 135 economies and structured around the working lifespan of a worker. In total, 46 questions or evaluation criteria are scored across 10 indicators. The overall score is calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 being the highest possible score. The Index uses a rating system, ranging from "Total Lack of Decent Work" to "Decent Work". The Labour Rights Index aims at an active contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals, by providing necessary (complementary) insights into de jure provisions on issues covered in particular by SDG8 (Decent Jobs), SDG 5 (Gender Equality), SDG 10 (Reduced Inequalities) and SDG 16 (Strong Institutions). The Index is based on national labour legislation, applicable on 1 January 2022. The Index does not take into account COVID-19 related labour market measures in its scoring.

Afghanistan's overall score is 55 out of 100. The overall score for Afghanistan is lower than the regional average observed across South Asia (56.33). Within the South Asian region, the highest score is observed for Nepal (72).

¹ Proportion of population living below the national poverty line (%), as measured under SDG 1.2.1

Share of informal employment in total employment (%), as measured under SDG 8.3.1

 $^{^{\}mathbf{3}}$ Proportion of the country population covered by social protection floors, as measured under SDG 1.3.1

⁴ Labour income (income of employees + partly income of the self-employed) as a percentage of GDP, as measured under SDG 10.4.1

 $^{{\}bf 5}$ The female labour force is shown in absolute number along with the female labour force participation rate

⁶ Non-Standard Employment has been defined as Part-Time Employment (A) and Temporary Employment (B)

Rate of fatal and non-fatal injuries per 100,000 workers, as measured under SDG 8.8.1

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	Question ⁹	Answer	Legal Basis	Trend ¹²
	Does the law prescribe minimum wage rates in the country?	No	§59, 62, and 131 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
1. Fair Wages	Does the law require regular payment of wages?	No	§63, 73 & 74 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law require overtime compensation be at least 125% of the regular hourly rate?	Yes	§67 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law require additional compensation for working on a weekly rest day?	No	§10 & 69 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	•
	Does the law require additional compensation for night work?	Yes	§32, 33 & 36 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
Decent dng Hours	Does the law stipulate general working hours as 48 hours or lower?	Yes	§30, 31, 37, 38 & 67 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law restrict maximum working hours including overtime to 56 hours per week?	No	§38 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law require a weekly rest of at least 24 hours?	Yes	§41 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
2. Work	Does the law require paid public holidays?	Yes	§40 & 69 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law require at least three working weeks of paid annual leave?	Yes	§42,43,46 & 47-50 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
·	Does the law require written employment contracts or at least written employment particulars?	Yes	§14-16 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
nemt /	Does the law restrict the hiring of fixed-term contract workers?	No	\$14 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
. Employment Security	Does the law limit the length of probation period including renewals to a maximum of 3 months?	Yes	§17 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
3. E.	Does the law require a 30-day notice before contract termination?	Yes	\$23-24 & 101 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law require severance pay at the rate of at least 2 weeks of wages for every year of service?	Yes	\$25 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
S	Does the law require parental leave for parents?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
Family msibilities	Does the law require at least one week of paid paternity leave for fathers?	Yes	\$51 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
4. Far sponsi	Does the law require flexible work arrangements for workers with family responsibilities?	Yes	\$29 & 126 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
Re	Does the law require paid nursing breaks?	Yes	\$124-125 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007; §19 of the Law on Protection of Child Rights, 2019	
1	Does the law prohibits inquiring about pregnancy during recruitment?	Yes	\$125 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
æ	Does the law require paid maternity leave of at least 14 weeks?	No	\$55 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
aternit Work	Does the law require cash maternity benefit be at least 67% of a worker's former wage?	Yes	\$134 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
5. M.	Does the law require maternity benefit be paid through contributory social insurance or universal benefits system?	No	§134 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	•
	Does the law protect workers from dismissals during or on account of pregnancy?	No	§125 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law require provision of free personal protective equipment to workers from employer?	Yes	§112 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
Work	Does the law require the employer to train workers on health and safety issues?	Yes	§111 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
6. Safe Work	Does the law restrict work that is prejudicial to the health of the mother or the child?	Yes	§120-123 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law provide for employment injury benefit?	Yes	\$134 and 141 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law provide for an old age pension?	Yes	\$26,134,135,138 & 139 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law provide for a dependants'/survivors' pension?	Yes	\$134,141,143 &144 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
7. Social Security	Does the law provide for unemployment benefit?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
۲. ي.	Does the law require paid sick leave for the first 6 months of sickness?	No	\$52, 53 & 56 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law provide for invalidity benefit?	No	\$137 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law require equal remuneration for work of equal value?	No	§8 & 9 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
remt	Does the law prohibit sexual harassment in employment?	Yes	\$5 & 30, Law on Elimination of VAW 2009; §2(4), 3(6), 9(1), 12 & 13, Law on Prevention & Prohibition of Harassment 2018	
8. Fair Treatment	Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment matters? ¹⁰	No	§22 of the Afghanistan's Constitution; §9 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
. Fair	Does the law allow women to do the same jobs as men?	No	\$22 & 50 of the Afghanistan's Constitution; \$2, 9 & 120-121 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007	
	Does the law guarantee basic labour protections for gig economy workers?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
	Does the law prohibit employment of children?	Yes	\$13 of the Afghanistan Labour Code, 2007; \$48, 49 of the Law on Protection of Child Rights	
l and a bour	Does the law set employment entry age equal to or higher than the compulsory schooling age?	Yes	§48-49, Law on Protection of Child Rights; §5 & 17, Education Law, 2008	
Child rced L	Does the law prohibit the employment of children in hazardous work under the age of 18 years?	Yes	\$13 & 120, Labour Code 2007; §613, Penal Code, 2017; §63, Law on Protection of Child Rights, 2019	•
9 E	Does the law prohibit forced labour?	No	\$4, Labour Code, 2007; \$37 of the Law on the Elimination of Violence Against Women, 2009	0
_	Does the law allow workers to form and join unions of their own choice?	No	Article 49 of the Afghanistan Labour Code 2007; Article 2 of the Law on Social Organizations 2003	•
_ ni il	Does the law allow workers to bargain collectively with employers through their representative unions?	No	No applicable legal provisions could be located	
10. Trade Union	Does the law provide for the right to strike?	No	\$2,3,4 & 22 of the Law on Assemblies, Strikes and Demonstrations, 2003	
=	Does the law prohibit employers from terminating employment contracts of striking workers?	No	USDOS CRHRP 2021	
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Covid 19 and Labour Market in Afghanistan*

Total Covid Cases	0.18 Million
Total Covid Deaths	7,736
Partial Vaccinated	15.0%
Fully Vaccinated	13.0%

Wage Subsidies	8
Social Security Contributions (deferrals/waivers)	※
Paid Sick Leave	×
Add. Unemployment Benefits	×

Protection from Dismissals	×
Telework/flexible work	×
Improved Health Access	×
Training (activation measures)	

12 In order to measure the trend in country's legislative performance over the last edition of the Labour Rights Index (2020),

Score decrease

 Score adjustment No change

⁹ The Index has 10 indicators and 46 evaluation criteria or questions.

¹⁰ The prohibited grounds for discrimination are "race, colour, sex, religion, political opinion, national extraction or social origin, age, disability and trade union membership". A score of 1 is assigned only if a country has prohibited discrimination on at least 7 of the above 10 grounds.

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1A country's score on LRTs Trade Union indicator must also be read together SDG indicator 8.8.2 which measures the level of national compliance with labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on ILO textual sources and national legislation. It has a range from 0 to 10, with 0 being the best possible score (indicating higher levels of compliance with FACB rights) and 10 the worst (indicating lower levels of compliance with FACB rights). No score is available for the Afghanistan on SDG 8.8.2

The Index uses Observations/Direct Requests from ILO CEACR and the US Department of State's Country Reports on Human Rights Practices (US DOS CRHRP) to measure a country's compliance on the Trade Union indicator.

the legislative table indicates improvement or worsening of labour rights in country through the following colours. Score increase

[&]quot;Sources for country info on Covid-19 and labour markets: Gentilini, Ugo, Almenfi, Mohamed; Orton, Ian, Dale, Pamela. 2020. Social Protection and Jobs Responses to COVID-19: A Real-Time Review of Country Measures. World Bank, Washington, DC. © World Bank. https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/33655 License: CC BY 30 IGO; Hannah Ritchie, Edouard Mathieu, Lucas Rodés-Guirao, Cameron Appel, Chartie Giattino, Esteban Ortiz-Ospina, Joe Hasell, Bobbie Macdonald, Diana Beltekian and Max Roser (2020) - "Coronavirus Pandemic (COVID-19", Published online at OurWorldInData.org Retrieved from: https://ourworldindata.org/coronavirus