

LABOUR RIGHTS INDEX 2020



RATING DECENT WORK

QUICK FACTS



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Female Labour Force

49.9% (2019)

Minimum Wage

EUR 430 ner month (2020)

\$473.09 per month (2020)









Living Wage (Standard family) EUR 515 per month (2020) \$566.61 ner month (2020)



Population 1.91 M (2019)



Informal Employment 11.2% (2018)



Non-Standard Employment Poverty Headcount[§]

A: 20.9% (2019) B: 3.2% (2019)

22.5% (2016)

Labour Force

0.98 M (2019)

GDP per Capita

\$17.836.40 (2019)

Source: World Bank; International Labour Organization;

LEGISLATIVE PERFORMANCE



Indicator Score* Indicator Score 1. Fair Wages 100 6. Safe Work Minimum wage (statutory or negotiated) Personal protective equipment (free of cost) Regular wage Training on health and safety Overtime premium (≥125%) Restriction on work (prejudicial to health of mother or child) Weekly rest work compensation (time-off) **Employment injury benefits** Night work premium 2. Decent Working Hours 100 7. Social Security General working hours (≤48 hours per week) Old age pension Maximum working hours (≤56 hours per week) Survivors' pension Weekly rest (≥24 hours) **Unemployment benefits** Paid public holidays Sickness benefits (≥ 6 months) Annual leave (≥3 working weeks) Invalidity benefits 100 3. Employment Security 80 8. Fair Treatment Written employment contract 0 Prohibition of employment discrimination Fixed term contract (≤5 years) Equal remuneration for work of equal value Probation period (≤3 months) Prohibition of sexual harassment Termination notice period (1 month) Absence of restrictions on women's employment Severance pay (≥14 days per year of service) **3** Basic labour protections for gig workers 4. Family Responsibilities 100 9. Child and Forced Labour 75 Parental leave Prohibition on child labour (≤15 years) Paternity leave (≥1 week) Age (employment entry > compulsory schooling) Flexible working arrangements Prohibition on hazardous work for under 18 0 Nursing breaks Prohibition on forced labour 10. Trade Union 5. Maternity at Work 100 75 Prohibition on inquiring about pregnancy Right to unionise 0 Maternity leave (≥14 weeks) Right to collective bargaining Cash maternity benefits (≥66.67% of former wage) Right to strike Prohibition on replacing striking workers Source of maternity benefits (social insurance or state financing) Protection from dismissals (pregnancy/maternity) **2**

- ♦ Non-Standard Employment has been defined as Part-Time Employment (A) and Temporary Employment (B)
- § Proportion of population living below the national poverty line (%), as measured under SDG 1.2.1
- ¶ Share of informal employment in non-agriculture (%), as measured under SDG 8.3.1