

LABOUR RIGHTS INDEX 2020



RATING DECENT WORK

QUICK FACTS







11.48 M (2019)













GDP per Capita \$46.116.70 (2019)

Total Fertility Rate 1.6 (2018)







EUR 1,594 per month

(aga

Female Labour Force

46.2% (2019)

Living Wage (Standard family) EUR 1,130 per month \$1,243.24 per month (2020)



12.8% (2018)

Non-Standard Employment

A: 37.4% (2019) B: 11.0% (2019)



Source: World Bank; International Labour Organization;

LEGISLATIVE PERFORMANCE



Indicator	Score	Indicator	Score
1. Fair Wages	100	6. Safe Work	100
Minimum wage (statutory or negotiated)		Personal protective equipment (free of cost)	
Regular wage		Training on health and safety	
Overtime premium (≥125%)		Restriction on work (prejudicial to health of mother or child)	
Weekly rest work compensation (time-off)	0	Employment injury benefits	
Night work premium			
2. Decent Working Hours	100	7. Social Security	80
General working hours (≤48 hours per week)		Old age pension	
Maximum working hours (≤56 hours per week)	Ø	Survivors' pension	
Weekly rest (≥24 hours)	Ø	Unemployment benefits	
Paid public holidays	Ø	Sickness benefits (≥ 6 months)	8
Annual leave (≥3 working weeks)	Ø	Invalidity benefits	
3. Employment Security	60	8. Fair Treatment	100
Written employment contract	Ø	Prohibition of employment discrimination	
Fixed term contract (≤5 years)	Ø	Equal remuneration for work of equal value	
Probation period (≤3 months)	Ø	Prohibition of sexual harassment	
Termination notice period (1 month)	8	Absence of restrictions on women's employment	
Severance pay (≥14 days per year of service)	⊗	Basic labour protections for gig workers	
4. Family Responsibilities	100	9. Child and Forced Labour	100
Parental leave		Prohibition on child labour (≤15 years)	
Paternity leave (≥1 week)		Age (employment entry ≥ compulsory schooling)	
Flexible working arrangements		Prohibition on hazardous work for under 18	Ø
Nursing breaks	•	Prohibition on forced labour	Ø
5. Maternity at Work	80	10. Trade Union	100
Prohibition on inquiring about pregnancy	8	Right to unionise	Ø
Maternity leave (≥14 weeks)	Ø	Right to collective bargaining	
Cash maternity benefits (≥66.67% of former wage)	Ø	Right to strike	
Source of maternity benefits (social insurance or state financing)	Ø	Prohibition on replacing striking workers	
Protection from dismissals (pregnancy/maternity)			

- ♦ Non-Standard Employment has been defined as Part-Time Employment (A) and Temporary Employment (B)
- § Proportion of population living below the national poverty line (%), as measured under SDG 1.2.1
- ¶ Share of informal employment in non-agriculture (%), as measured under SDG 8.3.1